Indian Ocean Drive

Planning Guideline

Supplementary information

Suitable species for roadside vegetation screening

March 2014



Appendix 3: Roadside vegetation screening of the Indian Ocean Drive Planning Guideline (WAPC, March 2014) outlines how landscaping can obscure development and blend with landscape character. This supplement has been prepared to outline plant species that are suitable for roadside vegetation screening. It is separate from the guideline so it can be revised from time to time.





The goal of roadside vegetation screening on private land adjacent to the Indian Ocean Drive road reserve is to obscure development from view, while ensuring that screening looks like a natural component of the landscape. Advice can also be sought from the Department of Parks and Wildlife about appropriate species for planting adjacent to conservation reserves.

In considering roadside plantings:

- Vegetation screens should comprise a combination of trees and shrubs consisting of both short and long-lived species. For example, wattles are quick growing and relatively short lived but they are a useful pioneer species that gives protection to long lived eucalypts as they develop.
- Species should be planted on the preferred soil type and in their natural landscape position eg hilltop, slope, swale.
- All plant species will benefit from irrigation.
- The widely-used, drought-tolerant *Eucalyptus* platypus is from the south coast. Its dense, low-growing foliage provides excellent screening. However, care must be taken, as it can be invasive. It should not be planted near areas of remnant vegetation, especially those of conservation significance.

The list on page 2 comprises species that are suitable for use in vegetation screens along Indian Ocean Drive.

Species	Common Name	Height	Comment
Acacia cyclops	Coastal wattle	To 6m	
Acacia rostellifera	Summer scented wattle	To 6m	
Allocasuarina lehmanniana subsp lehmanniana	Dune sheoak	To 4m	
Banksia attenuata	Slender banksia	To 10m	
Banksia hookeriana	Hooker's banksia	To 3m	
Banksia prionotes	Acorn banksia	To 10m	
Banksia sessilis var. cygnorum	Parrot bush	To 5m	
Calothamnus quadrifidus subsp. quadrifidus	One-sided bottlebrush	To 3m	
Casuarina obesa	Swamp sheoak	To 10m	Grows near salt lakes
Chamelaucium uncinatum	Geraldton wax	To 6m	
Eucalyptus camaldulensis subsp. obtusa	River gum	To 20m	
Eucalyptus decipiens	Limestone marlock	To 15m	
Eucalyptus erythrocorys	Illyarrie	To 14m	Best along northern sections of Indian Ocean Drive
Eucalyptus foecunda	Narrow-leafed red mallee	To 5m	
Eucalyptus gomphocephala	Tuart	To 20m in area	Best south of Jurien
Eucalyptus obtusiflora subsp dongarraensis	Dongara mallee	To 10m	Best along northern sections of Indian Ocean Drive
Eucalyptus rudis subsp rudis	Flooded gum	20m in wet areas	Needs irrigation
Eucalyptus todtiana	Coastal blackbutt or Pricklybark	To 10m	Grows between Perth and Geraldton
Eucalyptus zopherophloia	Blackbutt mallee	To 6m	Priority 4 Rare, Near Threatened or in need of monitoring

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